Continuous micro-magnetophoretic separation using a dipole magnetic field

Son O.-T., Roh J.W., Song S.-H., Park J.-S., Lee W., Jung H.-I.

School of Mechanical Engineering, Yonsei University, 134 Sinchon, Seoul 120-749, South Korea;
Department of Materials Science and Engineering, Yonsei University, 134 Sinchon, Seoul 120-749, South
Korea

Abstract: The use of a dipole magnetic field on particle separation in a microfluidic channel is introduced. We compare a monopole magnetic field with a dipole magnetic field by computer simulation, and the separation of magnetic beads utilizing the dipole magnetic field is demonstrated. The dipole field generates a higher magnetic flux density at the separation zone than the monopole field. In the demonstration, the dipole field successfully derives the deflection of magnetic beads flowing through a microfluidic channel.

Author Keywords: Biochip technology; Dipole magnetic field; Flow cytometry; Magnetophoretic separation; Microfluidic channel

Year: 2009

Source title: Biochip Journal

Volume: 2 Issue: 3

Page: 186-191 Cited by: 1

Link: Scorpus Link

Document Type: Article

Source: Scopus

Authors with affiliations:

- 1. Son, O.-T., School of Mechanical Engineering, Yonsei University, 134 Sinchon, Seoul 120-749, South Korea
- 2. Roh, J.W., Department of Materials Science and Engineering, Yonsei University, 134 Sinchon, Seoul 120-749, South Korea
- 3. Song, S.-H., School of Mechanical Engineering, Yonsei University, 134 Sinchon, Seoul 120-749, South Korea
- 4. Park, J.-S., School of Mechanical Engineering, Yonsei University, 134 Sinchon, Seoul 120-749, South Korea
- 5. Lee, W., Department of Materials Science and Engineering, Yonsei University, 134 Sinchon, Seoul 120-749, South Korea
- 6. Jung, H.-I., School of Mechanical Engineering, Yonsei University, 134 Sinchon, Seoul 120-749, South Korea